SIMPLIFYING THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE RESEARCH FRAMEWORK PROGRAMMES

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Simplification Seminar
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STRATEGY EU2020 RESEARCH AND INNOVATION

- Launched in March by the European Commission: follow-up Lisbon Strategy
- New european strategy for growth and jobs
- Focusing key areas such as Knowledge, Research and Education



STRATEGY EU2020 RESEARCH AND INNOVATION

- EU Target of investing 3% of GDP in R&D EU lacks investment in R&D:
 - US 2.7% of GDP in R&D
 - Europe 1.8% of GDP in R&D
- Target EU Education:
 - Reduce the share of early school leavers to 10% from the current 15%
 - Increase the share of the population aged 30-34 having completed tertiary education from 31% to at least 40%.



MAIN PROBLEMS OF FRAMEWORK-PROGRAMMES

- Excessive bureaucracy
- High complexity
- Poor efficiency
- Low risk tolerance
- High administrative control
- No distinction between error and fraude





RELEVANCE OF THE "SIMPLIFICATION" REPORT

- Midterm Review of FP7
- Budget Review
- Revision of the Financial Regulation
- Revision of the Tolerable Risk of Error
- Definition of FP8





REPORT SIMPLIFYING RESEARCH FRAMEWORK PROGRAMMES

- A. Administrative and financial simplification
- B. Improving quality, accessibility and transparency
 - 1. 'science-based' approach
 - 2. Optimising time
 - 3. 'user-centred' approach
- C. Synergies of programmes and instruments
- D. Lessons to be drawn for the future FP8



A - ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL SIMPLIFICATION

- Trust-based and risk-tolerant approach
- Harmonization of rules at the different instruments
- Clarify the terminology
- Acceptance of the usual accounting and management principles and practices of the beneficiary



Question: Is the introduction of lump sums within FP programmes and instruments a desirable approach?

- The terminology on the use of lump sums and flat rates should be clearly defined so as to avoid different interpretations
- Lump-sums and flat rates should be exceptional and used on a voluntary basis and only in justified cases
- Introduction of lump sums covering 'other direct costs'
- Assess the use of lump sums for personnel costs
- Lump sums are the most effective alternative for International Cooperation Partner Countries within the FP
- The general use of lump sums such as negotiated projectspecific lump sums or pre-defined lump sums per project is inadequate
- launching pilot tests of the 'result-based funding' with projectspecific lump sums paid against agreed output/results for research and demonstration projects in specifically challenging areas is recommended



Julho de 2010

B - IMPROVING QUALITY, ACCESSIBILITY AND TRANSPARENCY

- 1. 'Science-based' approach
- 2. Optimising time
- 3. 'User-centred' approach





1. 'SCIENCE-BASED' APPROACH

- Peer review based on excellence (ERC)
- 'Science-based' funding system
- Simplification of the control of the financial side





Question: Under which circumstances would the research based approach be beneficial?

- Beneficiaries carry out funded activities in good faith and make efforts to achieve the results expected
- Possible negative impact of result-based funding on the quality and nature of research
- Potential outcome in terms of further ex-ante and expost evaluation of project output/results
- Simplification of financial accountability requires a more trust-based and risk-tolerant approach



2. OPTIMISING TIME

- Two-stage application procedure
- Member States to provide opinions on selection decisions





3. 'USER-CENTRED' APPROACH

- Optimizing the IT-systems
- Maintain the same project officer throughout the lifetime of the project
- Video Conference



SYNERGIES OF PROGRAMMES AND INSTRUMENTS

- Uniform interpretation
- Uniform application of rules and procedures across all programs and instruments
- Different set of rules for research centres and universities and then for industry and again for SMEs



Question: How could the complexity of the EU research funding landscape and the multiplicity of rules best be reduced?

- To reduce the complexity of EU programmes (e.g. FP, CIP, Structural Funds) and associated instruments (JTIs, Article 187 initiatives, PPPs, Article 185 projects, KICs, Era-net etc.)
- A combined action will result in full exploitation of synergies
- To reduced set of rules to govern EU funding for R&D
- Coherence and harmonisation in the implementation and interpretation of the rules and procedures
- To apply this set of rules across the whole FP and associated instruments
- Mechanisms to provide common guidance within the Commission, and launching training for project officers and internal auditors
- To create an appeal mechanism such as an 'FP mediator' for participants in cases of incoherent and inconsistent interpretation of rules and procedures



Question: Is it worthwhile to envisage some changes yet to the FP7 rules?

- Radical overhaul of the administration of the FP is one of the highest priorities to be tackled in designing the forthcoming FP
- For each measure, it is necessary to stipulate whether a change in the financial regulation or in the rules for participation or in the specific programmes is required or not
- It is necessary to stipulate if the measures are to be applied to FP7 or only to FP8
- For FP7 phase these changes in gradually in order to avoid sudden drastic changes in direction within the same framework program



LESSONS TO BE DRAWN FOR THE FUTURE FP8

- l. Balance
- II. Excelence
- III. Instruments
- IV. Priorities
- V. Building ERA





LESSONS TO BE DRAWN FOR THE FUTURE FP8 - BALANCE

- The entire chain of innovation should be taken into account
 - Frontier research
 - Applied research
 - Technological demonstration
 - Dissemination
 - Valorisation of results
- Well balanced division between frontier research and applied research funding
- EIT as part of the innovation strategy
- New instrument to support participation of SMEs
- More balanced IPR ruling



LESSONS TO BE DRAWN FOR THE FUTURE FP8 - EXCELENCE

- Peer review based on excellence(ERC)
- Structural Funds to capacity building
- MS should look for complementarities between Structural Funds and FP – excelence and cohesion



LESSONS TO BE DRAWN FOR THE FUTURE FP8 - INSTRUMENTS

- To reduce the number of instruments and to simplify the rules
- IDEAS and PEOPLE reinforce ERC e Marie Curie
- COOPERAtion reinforce internacional, inter-sectorial e interdisciplinar collaboration
- Develop Future and Emerging Technologies FET like schemes
- Coordinate research funding (FP, JPI, PPP)
- JTIs rules should be changed: Industry- more flexibility and simpler rules; Universities, Research Centres and SMEs – more transparency and open access to JTIs



Maria da Graça Carvalho

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Vork in Parliament

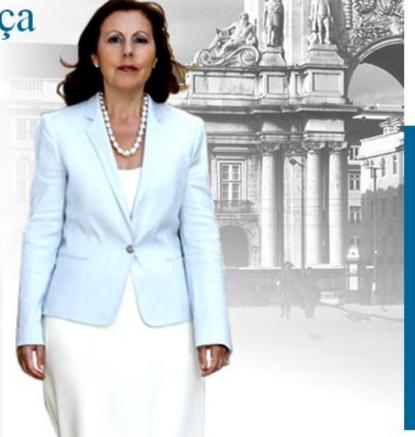
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Highlights

OP-ED ARTICLES

Jrge simplificar o acesso aos fundos (Diário Económico)

PRESS RELEASES

'Erasmus - Jovens Empreendedores" munciado em Estrasburgo por Graça Carvalho e pelo Vice-Presidente da Comissão Europeia

Personal Campaigns

CAUSES - CLIMATE CHANGE

Encontro com a Comissária para a acção no domínio do clima

CAUSES - INNOVATION

Maria da Graça Carvalho apela à criação de um Programa Conjunto de Investigação para a região sudoeste da Europa

2010-06-16.

Diary

Reunião com o Presidente do IST

2010-07-09

Seminário "Simplificação das Regras de participação nos actuais e futuros programas de Ciência e Inovação" - LISBOA

2010-07-09

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